

## Supplemental Exercises for Section 11.4

Which of the following series converge and which diverge? Verify your answer.

1.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n+7}}$

2.  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{3n-1}}$

3.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{6n+1}{n^3+4}$

4.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n-1}{n\sqrt[3]{n^2+2}}$

5.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n^2+5}}$

6.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n(n+10)}$

7.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}{n(n+5)}$

Selected Answers

1. Because  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n+7}}}{\frac{1}{n}} = 1$  and because  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$  diverges, by the Limit

Comparison Test,  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{3n-1}}$  diverges.

3. Because  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{6n+1}{n^3+4}}{\frac{1}{n^2}} = 6$  and because  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$  converges, by the Limit

Comparison Test  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{6n+1}{n^3+4}$  converges.

6. By using L'Hôpital's rule  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{\ln n}{n(n+10)}}{\frac{1}{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}} = 0$ . Thus because  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

converges, by the Limit Comparison Test  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n(n+10)}$  converges.