## Supplement 6 for Section 4.3

## Replace the material at the on page 199 with the definition presented here.

Definition 1. Let $f$ be defined on and interval $I$.

1. Then $f$ is increasing on $I$ means for each pair $a<b \in I, f(a)<f(b)$.
2. Then $f$ is decreasing on $I$ means for each pair $a<b \in I, f(a)>f(b)$.

It should be obvious that $f$ is increasing on an interval $I$ if and only if $-f$ is decreasing on $I$.
Corollary 3. Let $f$ be continuous on an interval I and differentiable on the interior of $I$.

1. If $f^{\prime}(x)>0$ for all $x$ in the interior of $I$, then $f$ is increasing on $I$.
2. If $f^{\prime}(x)<0$ for all $x$ in the interior of $I$, then $f$ is decreasing on $I$.

In the first line of the proof in the textbook on page 119, simply replace, $[a, b]$ by $I$.

